## WARM UP

1) Write the polynomial in standard form with zeros at $-3,2$ and 0 .
$x=-3, x=2 \quad x=0 \quad x(x+3)\left(x^{2}\right)=x\left(x^{2}+x-6\right)=x^{3}+x^{2}-6 x$
2) Identify the zeros and multiplicity of each.
a) $f(x)=-x^{2}(x+3)^{(x-7)^{3}}$

| $-x^{2}=0$ | $x=-3$ | $x=7$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $x=0$ | $\operatorname{deg}=6$ |  |

3) Simplifyªnd clasふify it by degree and humber of terms:
$x(x-5)^{2}-x(3 x+7)$
$x(x-5)(x-5)-3 x^{2}-7 x=x^{3}-10 x^{2}+25 x^{-3 x^{2}-7 x}$

$-28 \quad 4 x^{2}+14 x-2 x-7=0$
$14-2 \quad 2 x(2 x+7)-1(2 x+7)=0$
4) Get out your $\begin{gathered}\text { calculator } \\ 2 x-1)(2 x+7)\end{gathered}=0$

### 6.2 Polynomials <br> and <br> Linear Factors <br> Part 2

Objective: to graph higher power polynomials using end behavior \& zero's

Get out your WB pg. 51

## POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS END BEHAVIOR

Degree: Even
Leading Coefficient: + End Behavior: $\uparrow \nearrow$

$$
f(x)=x^{2}
$$



## POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS END BEHAVIOR

Degree: Even

$$
f(x)=-x^{2}
$$

Leading Coefficient: End Behavior:


# POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS <br> END BEHAVIOR 

Degree: Odd
Leading Coefficient: + End Behavior: $/$ !

$$
\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x})=\mathbf{x}^{3} \quad \text { S shape }
$$



## POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS END BEHAVIOR

$$
f(x)=-x^{3}
$$

Degree: Odd
Leading Coefficient: End Behavior:


## Check your understanding. Use your arms to show you ndorotand end bar

Determine by inspection the end behavior of the graph of each function.

1. $y=3 x+2$
2. $y=4 x^{3}$
3. $g(t)=-t^{2}+t$
4. $f(x)=2 x+x$ (5)
5. $g(x)=x^{6}$
6. $y=3 x^{5}-4 x^{4}$
7. $y=-7 x^{8}$
8. $f(x)=\frac{1}{2} x^{4}-2$
9. $y=-\frac{1}{2} x^{3}+4 x^{2}+x-1$
10. $g(x)=x-x^{3}+5$

Multiplicity affects the shape of a polynomial. If the multiplicity of a factor is:
even - the graph bounces off the x-axis at multiplicity the zero
odd - the graph crosses the x-axis at the multiplicity zero

REMEMBER!


## Graph on your calculator-what do we know?

$y=\frac{(x+2)(x-3)^{2}}{x(2) x=3} \quad \operatorname{deg} 3$ SB /l
$m_{\text {c }} \overline{x=2 \mid x=3} m_{B}^{2}$
EVEN MULTIPLICITY -
BOUNCE ON THE X - AXIS


## Graph on your calculator-what do we know?

 $y=(x+1)(x-1)(x-4) \quad \operatorname{deg} 3+5 \quad$ / / $x=-1 \quad x=1 \quad x=4$ODD MULTIPLICITY -
GO THROUGH THE X - AXIS



## TO SKETCH, follow these steps.

click
Find zeros, by factoring if necessary

## State the multiplicity of each zero

See multiplicity to decide if bounce or cross at $x$-axis

Determine the end behavior by TOTAL multiplicity ( $\operatorname{leg} \& L C$.
Sketch

Sketch the graph of the polynomial. Find the end behavior too!
3) $y=(x+1)(x-1)(x+3)$







Nov 4-10:36 AM

Write a polynomial function in standard form with the given zeros. State the end behavior. Then, sketch the curve.
Last, confirm your sketch on your calculator.
4) -2 with a multiplicity of 3
$y=(x+2)^{3}$

5) $-4,-4,1$


## Bottomline.....

Find zeros (by factoring if necessary) state multiplicity, know end behavior by TOTAL
multiplicity
and sketch.

