

In Exercises 9–16, evaluate each expression.

9. (a) $3^2 \cdot 3$ (b) $3 \cdot 3^3$
 10. (a) $\frac{5^5}{5^2}$ (b) $\frac{3^2}{3^4}$
 11. (a) $(3^3)^2$ (b) -3^2
 12. (a) $(2^3 \cdot 3^2)^2$ (b) $(-\frac{3}{5})^3(\frac{5}{3})^2$
 13. (a) $\frac{3 \cdot 4^{-4}}{3^{-4} \cdot 4^{-1}}$ (b) $32(-2)^{-5}$
 14. (a) $\frac{4 \cdot 3^{-2}}{2^{-2} \cdot 3^{-1}}$ (b) $(-2)^0$
 15. (a) $2^{-1} + 3^{-1}$ (b) $(2^{-1})^{-2}$
 16. (a) $3^{-1} + 2^{-2}$ (b) $(3^{-2})^2$

In Exercises 29–34, simplify each expression.

29. (a) $(-5z)^3$ (b) $5x^4(x^2)$
 30. (a) $(3x)^2$ (b) $(4x^3)^2$
 31. (a) $6y^2(2y^4)^2$ (b) $\frac{3x^5}{x^3}$
 32. (a) $(-z)^3(3z^4)$ (b) $\frac{25y^8}{10y^4}$
 33. (a) $\frac{7x^2}{x^3}$ (b) $\frac{12(x+y)^3}{9(x+y)}$
 34. (a) $\frac{r^4}{r^6}$ (b) $(\frac{4}{y})^3(\frac{3}{y})^4$

In Exercises 1–24, find all solutions of the equation. Check your solutions in the original equation.

- $4x^4 - 18x^2 = 0$
- $20x^3 - 125x = 0$
- $x^4 - 81 = 0$
- $x^6 - 64 = 0$
- $x^3 + 216 = 0$
- $27x^3 - 512 = 0$
- $5x^3 + 30x^2 + 45x = 0$
- $9x^4 - 24x^3 + 16x^2 = 0$
- $x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3 = 0$
- $x^3 + 2x^2 + 3x + 6 = 0$
- $x^4 - x^3 + x - 1 = 0$
- $x^4 + 2x^3 - 8x^2 - 16 = 0$
- $x^4 - 4x^2 + 3 = 0$
- $x^4 + 5x^2 - 36 = 0$
- $4x^4 - 65x^2 + 16 = 0$
- $36t^4 + 29t^2 - 7 = 0$
- $x^6 + 7x^3 - 8 = 0$
- $x^6 + 3x^3 + 2 = 0$

In Exercises 35–40, rewrite each expression with positive exponents and simplify.

35. (a) $(x+5)^0, x \neq -5$ (b) $(2x^2)^{-2}$
 36. (a) $(2x^5)^0, x \neq 0$ (b) $(z+2)^{-3}(z+2)^{-1}$
 37. (a) $(-2x^2)^3(4x^3)^{-1}$ (b) $(\frac{x}{10})^{-1}$
 38. (a) $(4y^{-2})(8y^4)$ (b) $(\frac{x^{-3}y^4}{5})^{-3}$
 39. (a) $3^n \cdot 3^{2n}$ (b) $(\frac{a^{-2}}{b^{-2}})(\frac{b}{a})^3$
 40. (a) $\frac{x^2 \cdot x^n}{x^3 \cdot x^n}$ (b) $(\frac{a^{-3}}{b^{-3}})(\frac{a}{b})^3$

In Exercises 67–74, evaluate each expression without using a calculator.

67. (a) $\sqrt{9}$ (b) $\sqrt[3]{8}$
 68. (a) $\sqrt{49}$ (b) $\sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{8}}$
 69. (a) $(\sqrt[3]{-125})^3$ (b) $27^{1/3}$
 70. (a) $\sqrt[4]{562^4}$ (b) $36^{3/2}$
 71. (a) $32^{-3/5}$ (b) $(\frac{16}{81})^{-3/4}$
 72. (a) $100^{-3/2}$ (b) $(\frac{9}{4})^{-1/2}$
 73. (a) $(-\frac{1}{64})^{-1/3}$ (b) $(\frac{1}{\sqrt{32}})^{-2/5}$
 74. (a) $(-\frac{125}{27})^{-1/3}$ (b) $(-\frac{1}{125})^{-4/3}$

In Exercises 29–52, find all solutions of the equation. Check your solutions in the original equation.

- $\sqrt{2x} - 10 = 0$
- $4\sqrt{x} - 3 = 0$
- $\sqrt{x-10} - 4 = 0$
- $\sqrt{5-x} - 3 = 0$
- $\sqrt[3]{2x+5} + 3 = 0$
- $\sqrt[3]{3x+1} - 5 = 0$
- $-\sqrt{26-11x} + 4 = x$
- $x + \sqrt{31-9x} = 5$
- $\sqrt{x+1} = \sqrt{3x+1}$
- $\sqrt{x+5} = \sqrt{x-5}$
- $\sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x-5} = 1$
- $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{x-20} = 10$
- $\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x-5} = 10$
- $2\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{2x+3} = 1$
- $\sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{2x-3} = -1$
- $4\sqrt{x-3} - \sqrt{6x-17} = 3$
- $(x-5)^{3/2} = 8$
- $(x+3)^{3/2} = 8$
- $(x+3)^{2/3} = 8$
- $(x+2)^{2/3} = 9$
- $(x^2-5)^{3/2} = 27$